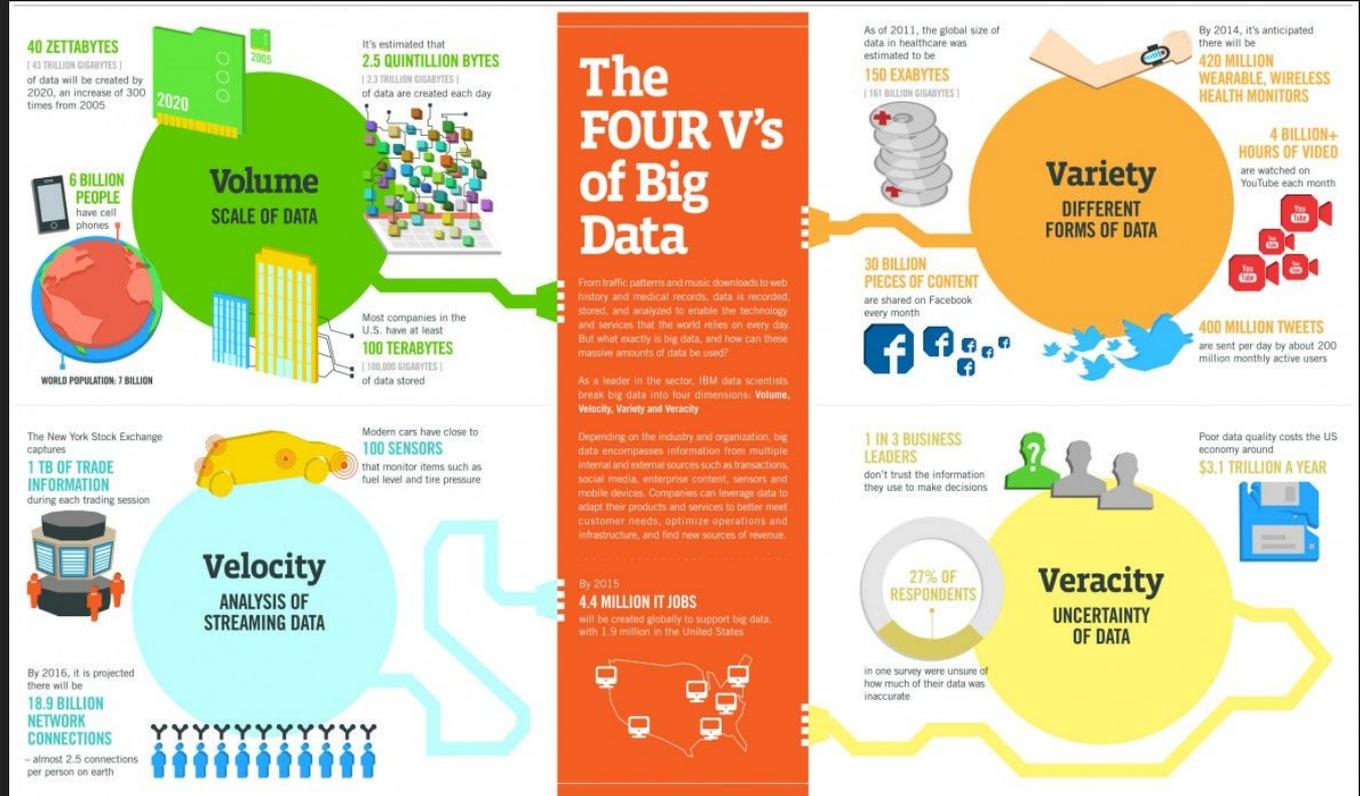


Towards Participatory Democracy in the Big Data Age

Raazesh Sainudiin, Dept. of Mathematics, Uppsala Univ.
Feb 26, 2018

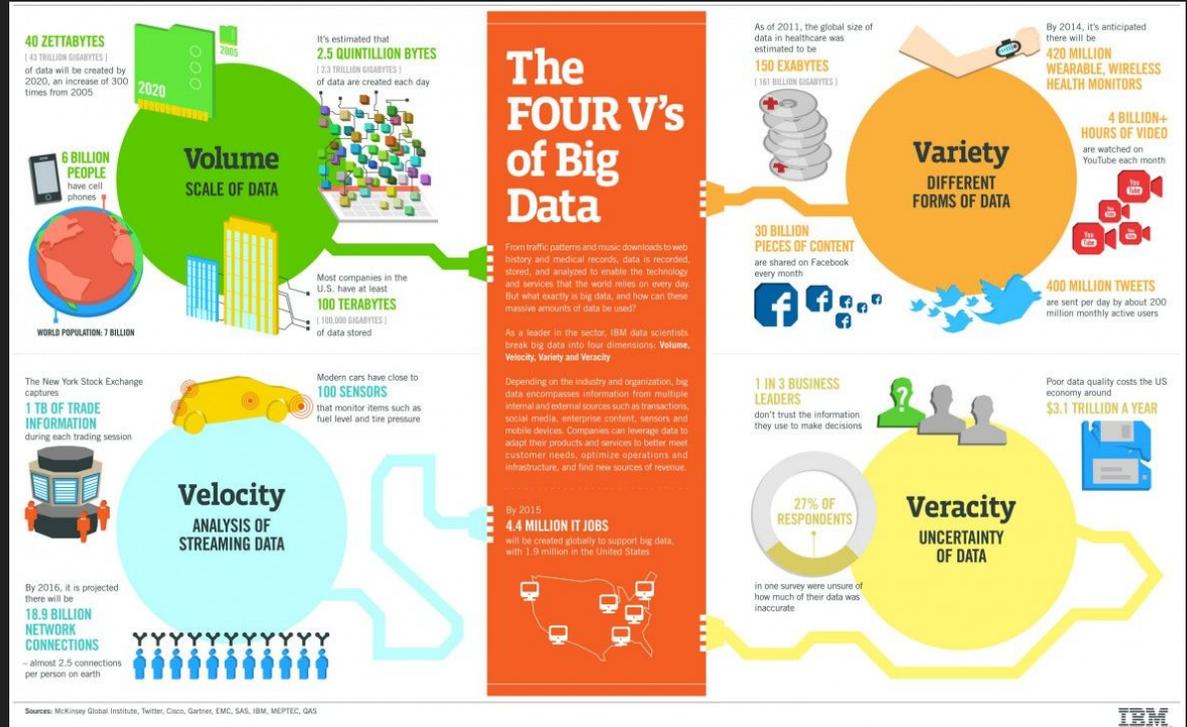
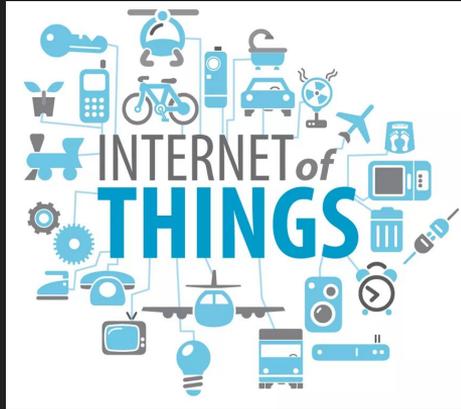
What is the Big Data Age?

- Volume
- Velocity
- Variety
- Veracity

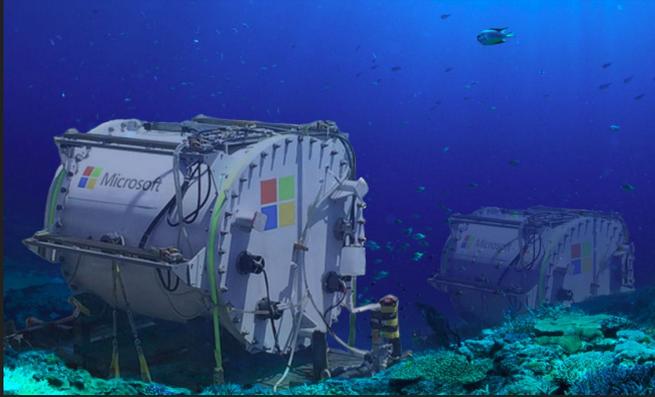


What/Who is producing Big Data?

- people's online activity
- Machines and sensors
- more generally "things"



Where do we Store & Compute the Big Data?



- *in huge computer farms*
- “Cloud” Storage and Computing



Why is Data called the “New Oil”?

- improve processes by exploiting patterns in the data - *prediction?*
- How are patterns in data used for prediction?

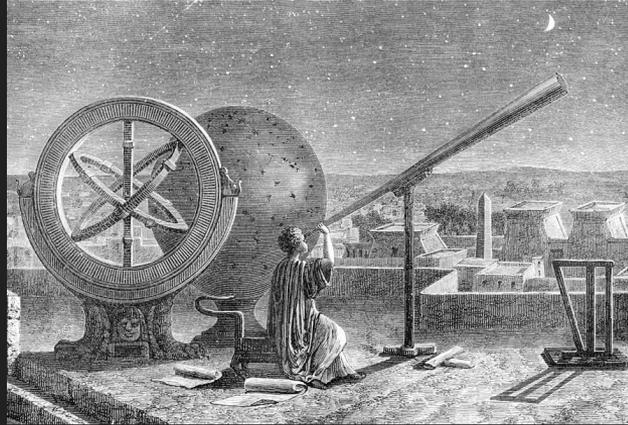
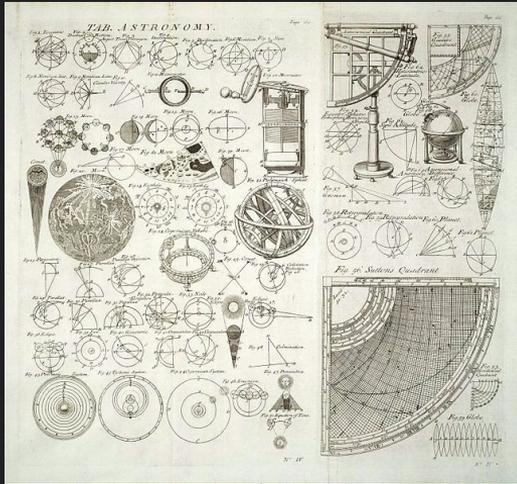


Is making prediction from observation new?

Is making prediction from observation new?

No!

Astronomy is ancient.



How do you make prediction from observation?

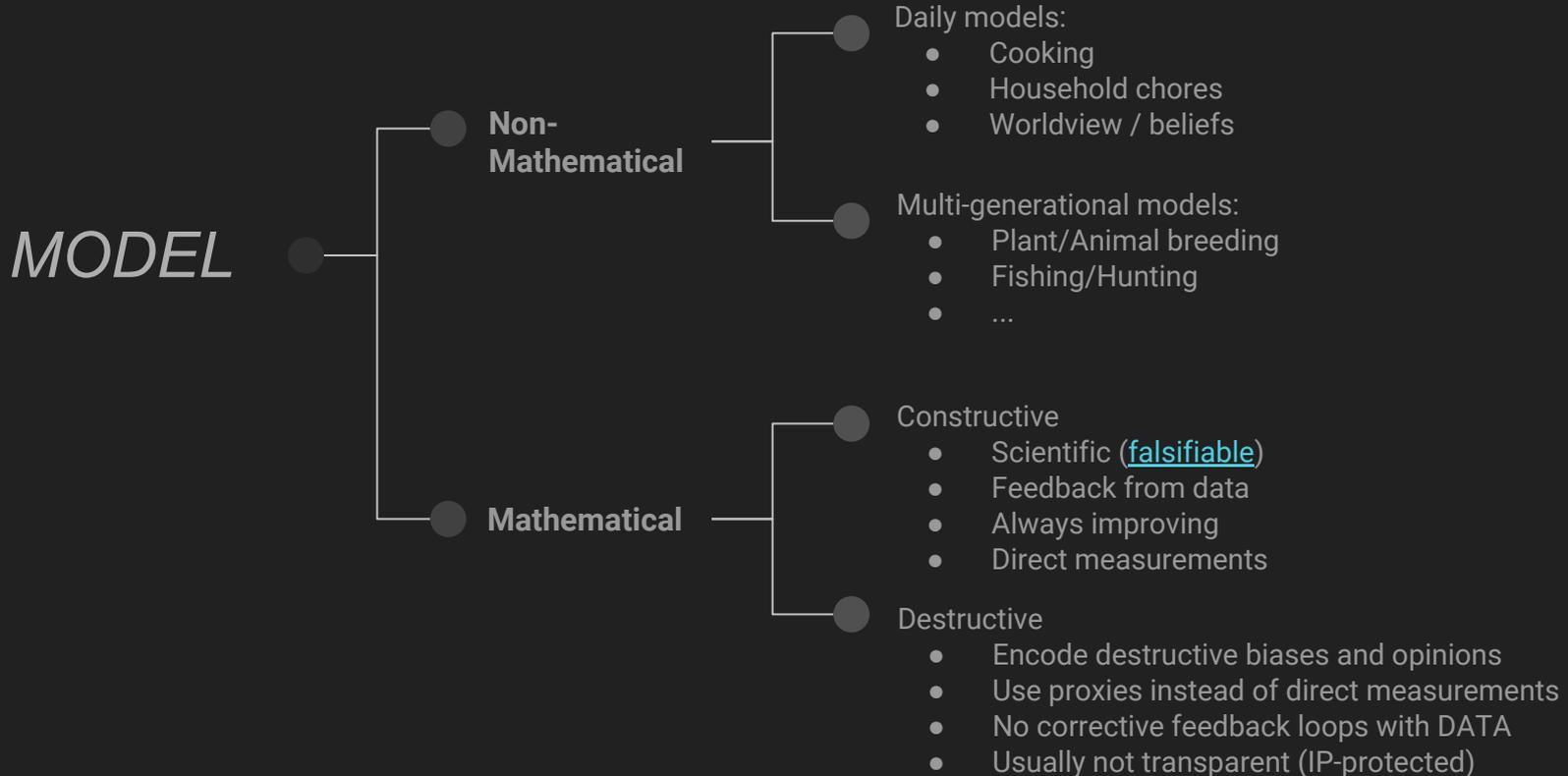
How do you make prediction from observation?

The way you can go from observation to prediction is via a MODEL

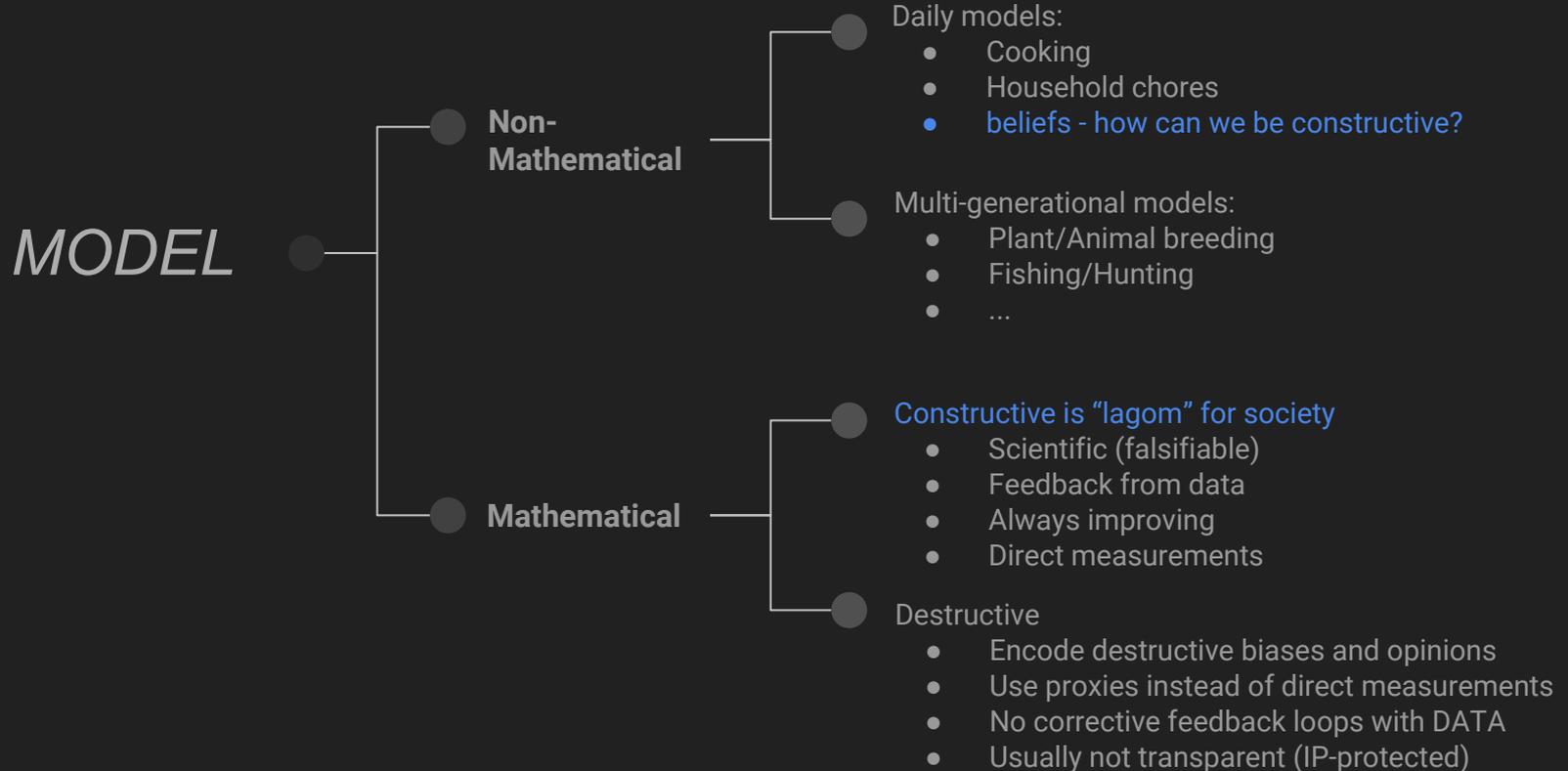


- Use *DATA* (past experience) as a feedback to improve your predictive model
- Model can be:
 - Non-mathematical (what we do with our brains all the time)
 - Mathematical (usually implemented as computer algorithm in the cloud)

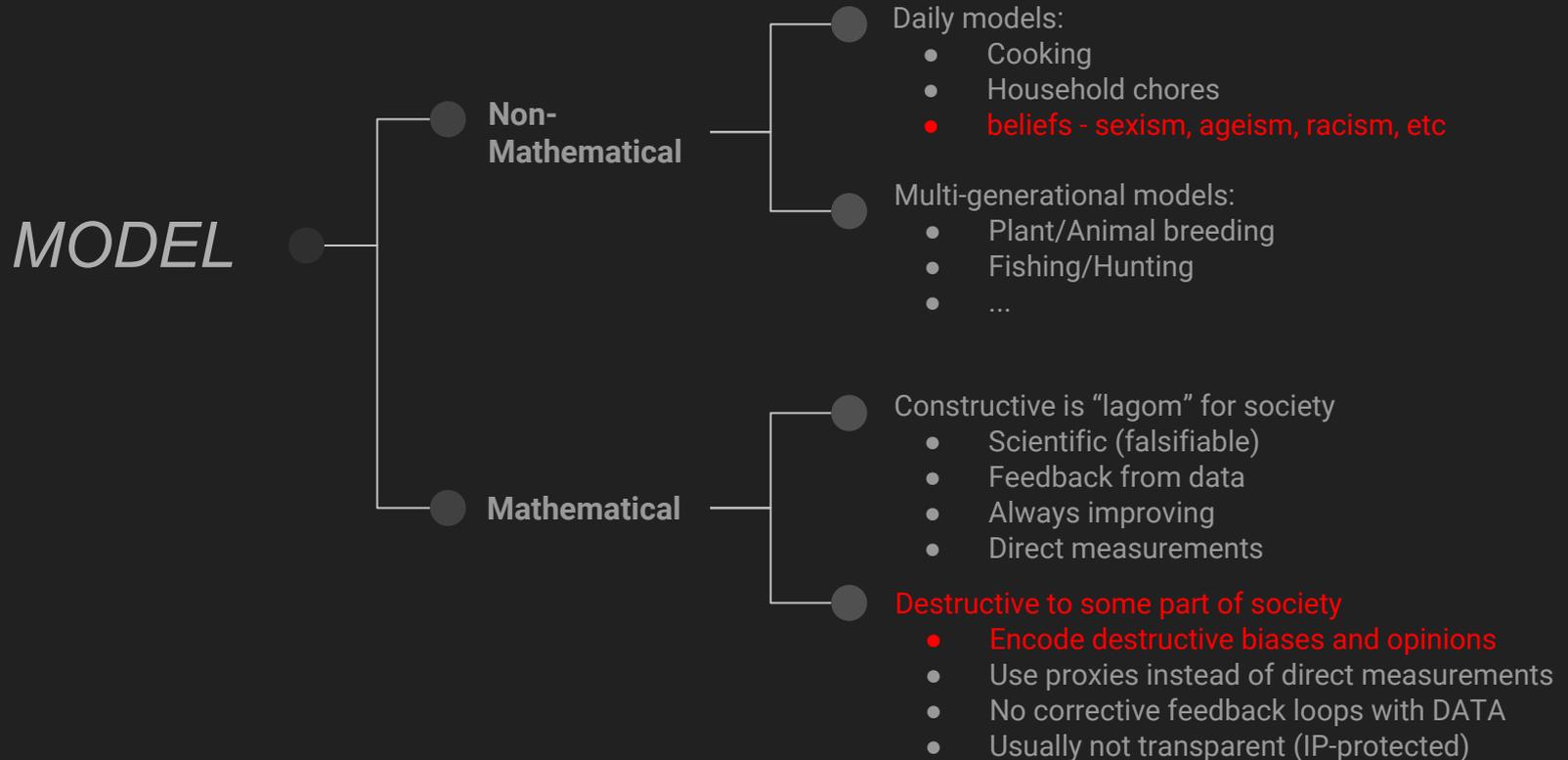
How do you make prediction from observation?



“Models are biases & opinions encoded using mathematics in a computer program”, Cathy O’Neil



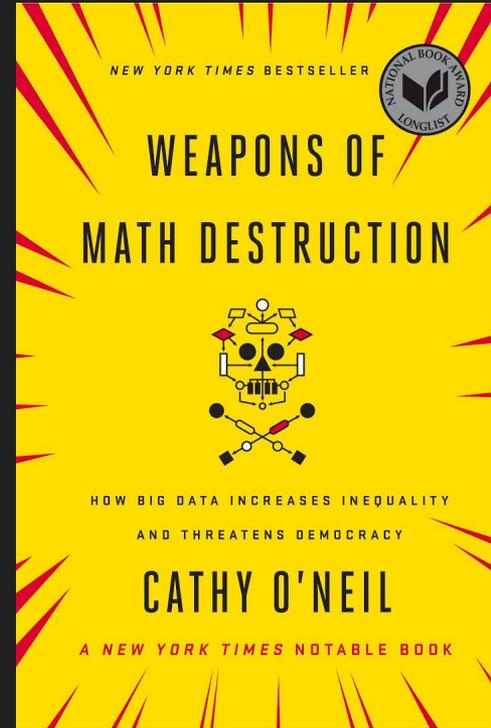
“Models are biases & opinions encoded using mathematics in a computer program”, Cathy O’Neil



Models are used to automate life-changing decisions

- Algorithmic Trading in Finance
- Universities rat race for World Rankings
- Online Advertisement
- Getting a Job
- Performance in a Job
- Predictive policing & criminal justice (US)
- Getting credit
- Getting insurance
- Individually *micro-targeted citizen in social media*
- *Let's listen Cathy speak for 10 minutes now:*

○ https://www.ted.com/talks/cathy_o_neil_the_era_of_blind_faith_in_big_data_must_end#:t-786714



What can we do about it?

Fight back!

Check out [Mathematics for Social Activism Workshop at Uppsala June 4-5 2018](#)

We have been working on Project MEP (Meme Evolution Programme)

<https://lamastex.github.io/scalable-data-science/sds/research/mep/>

To help shed transparent light on

- *How we are possibly micro-targeted as citizens in social media (US Election)?*

Looking for coders who want to help with similar projects around SE Election:

- *Uppsala Big Data Course Set next period: <https://lamastex.github.io/360-in-525/>*
- *Create an “ideological forest of Swedish peoples from their Twitter activity in public streams”*

Bruce Schneier's Fundamental Issue of the Information Age

<https://youtu.be/GhWJTWUvc7E?start=1580&end=1760>

“And it is not a matter of all surveillance is bad. I think this is a complex issue. This is an issue of designing systems to extract group value from our data while protecting people individually. And I actually think this is a fundamental issue in the information age. Our data has enormous value to us collectively, and our data has enormous value to us each individually. How do we reconcile this?”

Is there a solution? What is the mathematical problem here?

Work has started on mathematical statistical notions of differential privacy.

See Michael Jordan's talk: <https://youtu.be/ggq7HiDO0OU?start=158&end=1724>

Math-Stats: [Minimax Optimal Procedures for Locally Private Estimation, 2017](#)

